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General Purpose Code Coupling for Particulate Methods Using the Multiscale Universal Interface

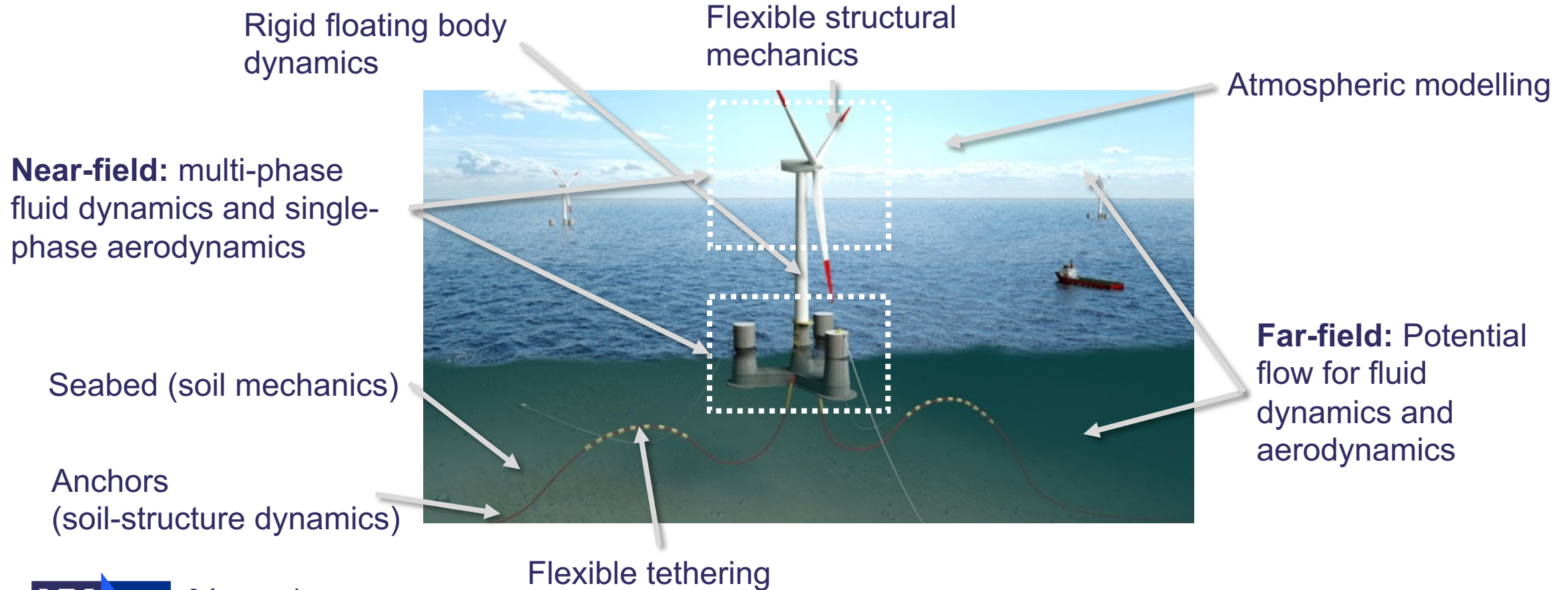
SPH-SIG/CCP-WSI Joint Meeting 1 - Bristol

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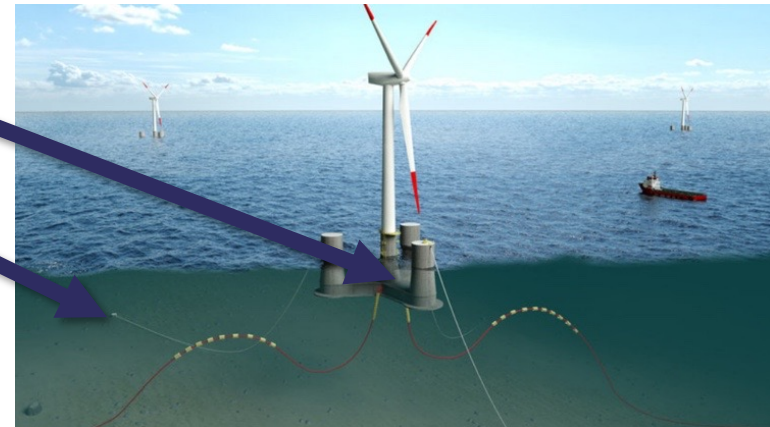
Why do we need to couple codes?

Complex multiphysics/multiscale problems



Why do we need to couple codes?

- Can't the FOWT problem be solved just using particle approaches?
- A **monolithic methodological** approach is possible, but is it sensible?
- A **monolithic software** approach is also feasible, but again, is it sensible?
- A **partitioned** approach using the best method and software solution for each aspect of the problem is often the most sustainable method:
 - Particle methods for some aspects
 - Mesh-based approaches for others

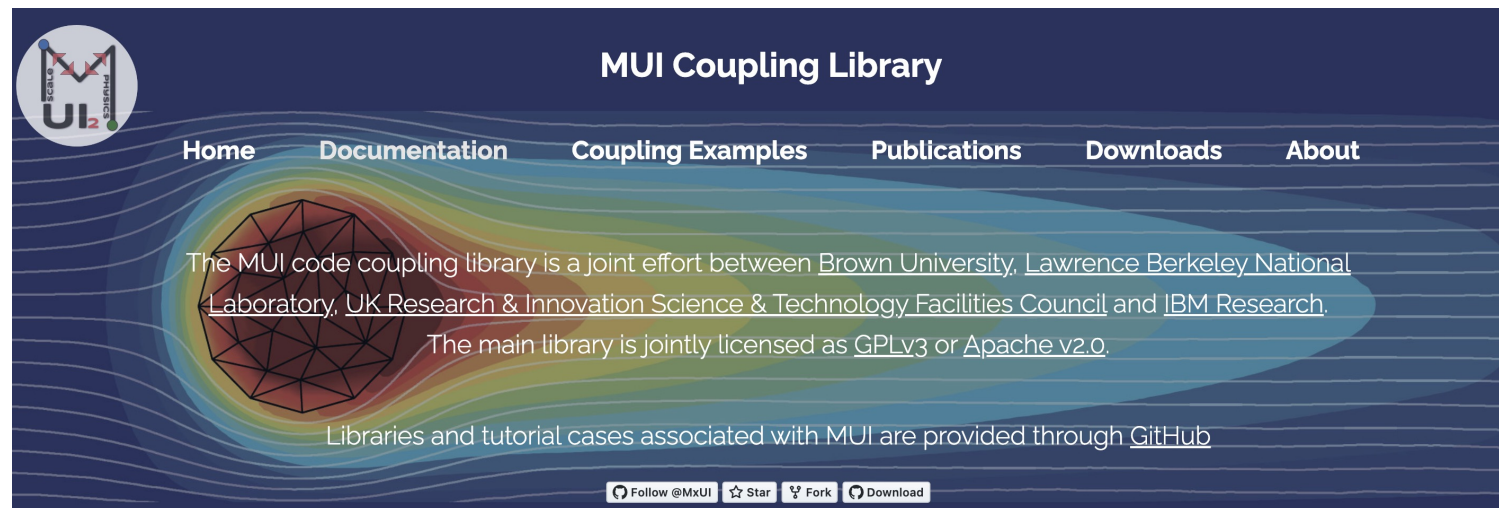


The Multiscale Universal Interface



The Multiscale Universal Interface (MUI)

- Written in C++11 (with wrappers for C, Fortran and Python)
- Open-source, licensed at the user's choice as either **GPLv3** or **Apache 2.0**
- Header-only design with only external dependency being MPI
- Creates a peer-to-peer MPI based *interface* between two or more codes
- **Website:** <https://mxui.github.io/>
- **Library:** <https://github.com/MxUI/MUI>
- **Demos:** <https://github.com/MxUI/MUI-demo>
- **Benchmarking Framework:** <https://github.com/MxUI/MUI-Testing>



MUI Coupling Library

Home Documentation Coupling Examples Publications Downloads About

The MUI code coupling library is a joint effort between [Brown University](#), [Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory](#), [UK Research & Innovation Science & Technology Facilities Council](#) and [IBM Research](#).
The main library is jointly licensed as [GPLv3](#) or [Apache v2.0](#).

Libraries and tutorial cases associated with MUI are provided through [GitHub](#)

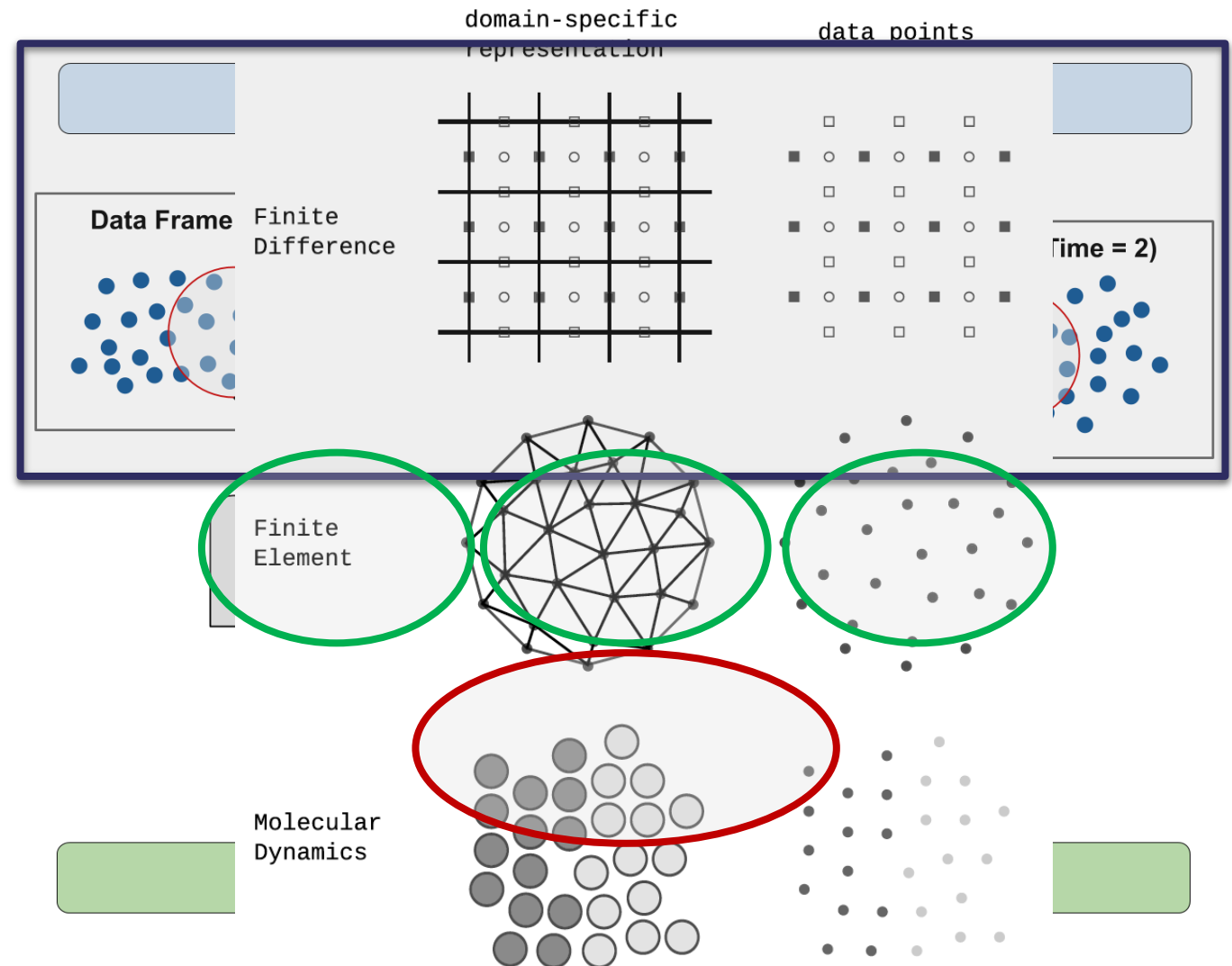
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Multi-physics/scale coupling using MUI?

- Provides *tool-kit* to create new couplings between methods:
 - Mesh to particle
 - Mesh to mesh (fixed or moving)
 - Particle to particle
- Offers ability to couple across both length- and time-scales:
 - **Reasonable** length scales can be tackled (interpolation is our friend)
 - **Reasonable** time scales can be considered using a *data frame* concept
- At the point where **direct** multi-scale coupling no longer feasible, MUI can still be used purely for tagged data transport to enable complex abstractions
- MPI multi-program multi-data (MPMD) design allows large numbers of apps to be coupled together simultaneously

MUI overview

- Couples using a set of discrete data samples and an **interface**:
 1. Convert domain-specific representations to a general form (a **cloud of points** with associated data)
 2. Solver **imparts** data (at a point) to interface with an **associated time-stamped data frame** using **non-blocking** operations
 3. Other solver requests data at specific location and time from MUI interface using **spatial** and **temporal** samplers and **blocking** fetch operations

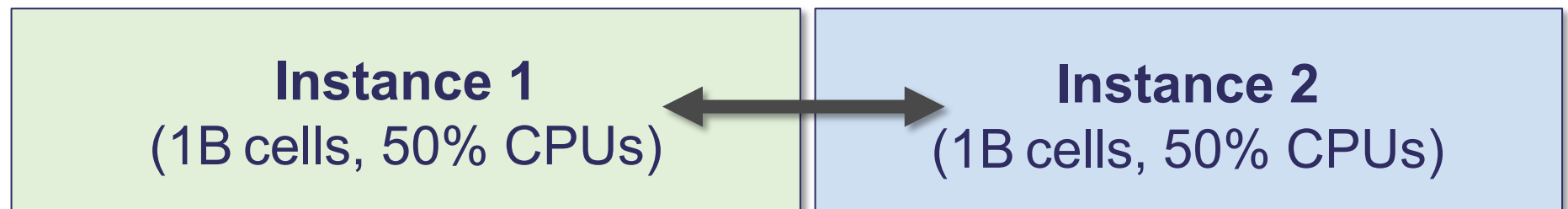


What is in the MUI toolkit?

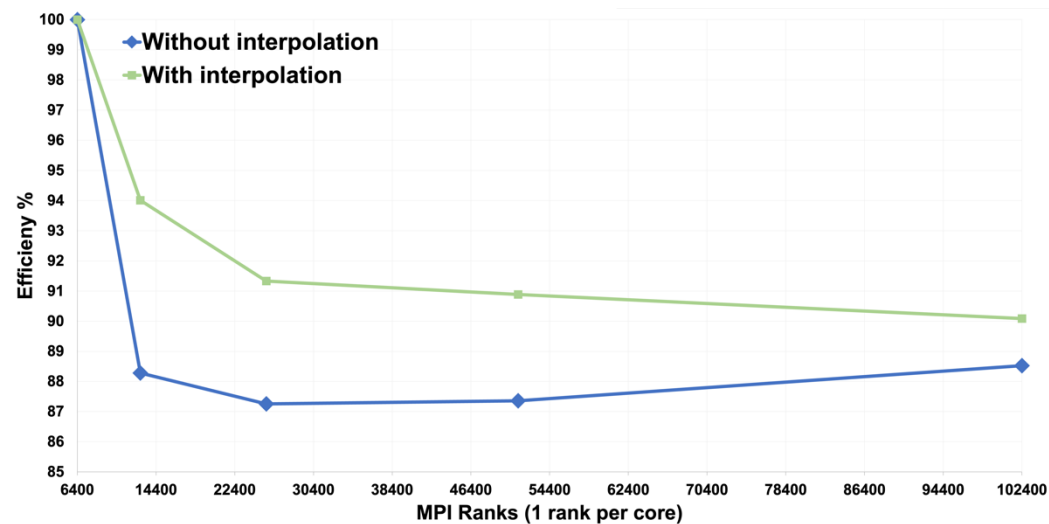
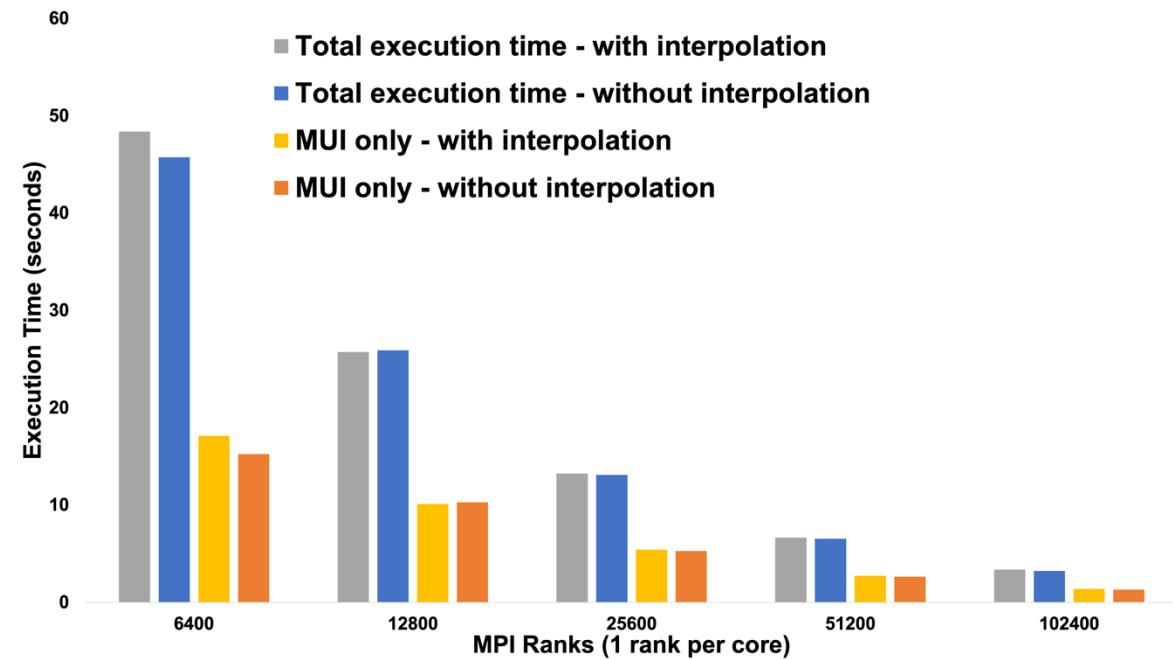
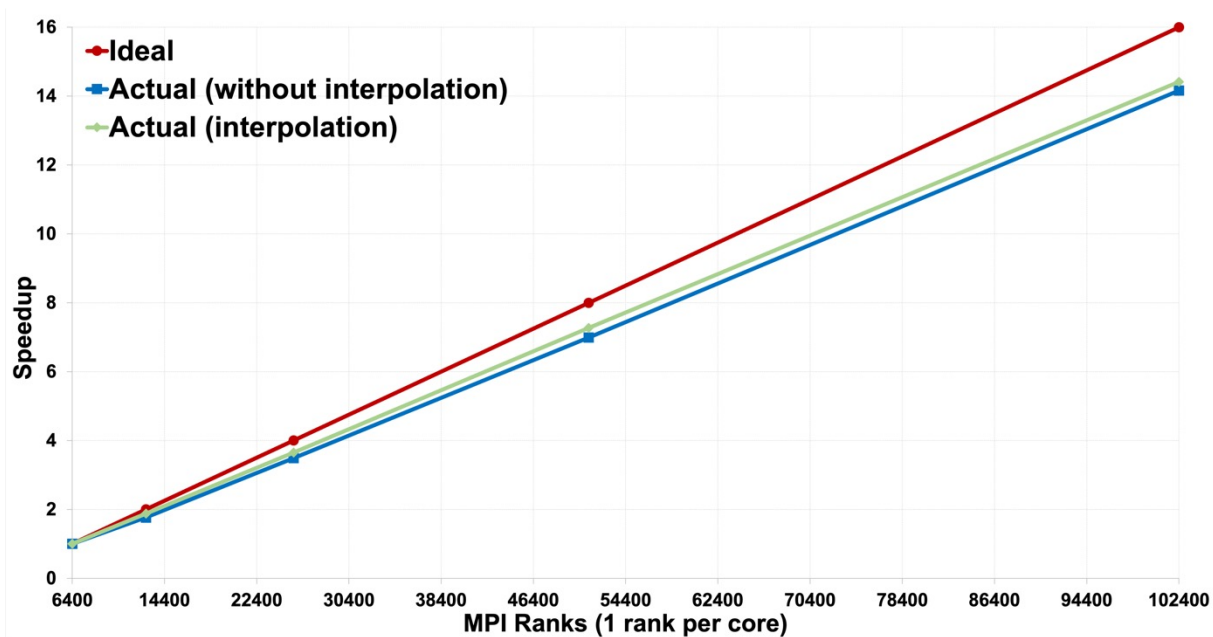
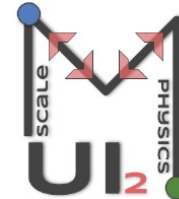
- API to create an MPI based interface between 2 or more apps
- Extensible frameworks of spatial and temporal samplers as well as *coupling helpers*:
 - 10 spatial samplers: simple Gaussian, quintic SPH approach, Radial Basis Function (RBF) approach with both conservative and consistent modes and many others.
 - Temporal samplers allowing simple concepts like summation or averaging in time but with scope for more complex operations.
 - *Coupling helpers* to provide the functions to enable common approaches like the Aitken's iterative method used in FSI
- A custom linear algebra solution for both dense and sparse problems, currently used within the RBF spatial filter but able to be called from any filter or coupling helper

MUI Performance

- AMD EPYC HPE Cray EX (~750K cores)
- Representative of a typical 3D CFD problem coupled to itself:
 - Simulated local computation load
 - Simulated local MPI transfer using standard MPI 3D Cartesian decomposition
 - **Assumes linear scaling of CFD solver**
- 1 billion points transferred per instance (2B total) – full volumetric coupling
- Total of 48GB of data transferred via MUI
- Both with and without Gaussian spatial interpolation



MUI Performance



What are we working on right now?

- Porting the linear algebra portion of MUI to the heterogeneous programming model SYCL:
 - Work ongoing through an EPSRC ExCALIBUR project and through an Intel Centre of Excellence hosted at Daresbury Lab.
 - Enables cross-vendor GPU acceleration of dense/sparse matrix operations, initially in the RBF spatial filter.
- Integrating the matrix data types defined within the linear algebra solution so they can be used generally through the interface (i.e. you can pass them between codes directly).
- Considering how to integrate data science (AI/ML) workflows directly into the library to allow for use within coupling algorithms.

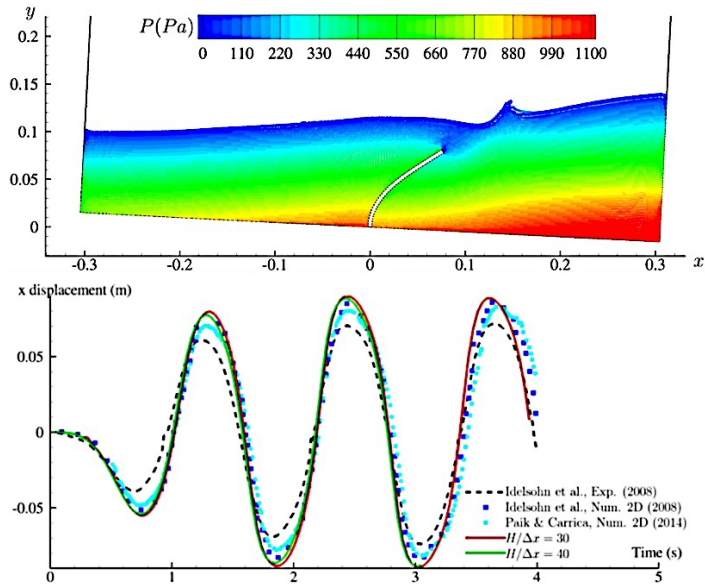
Coupling Examples



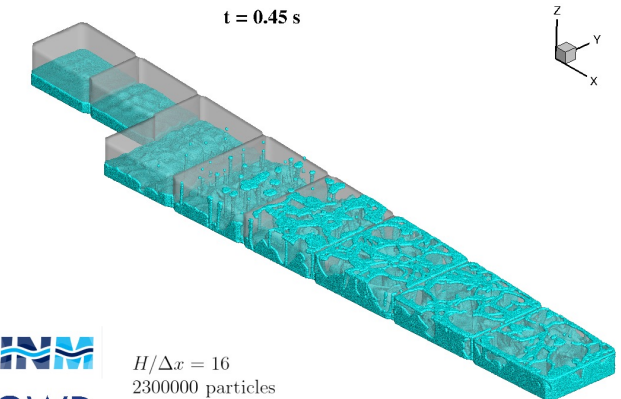
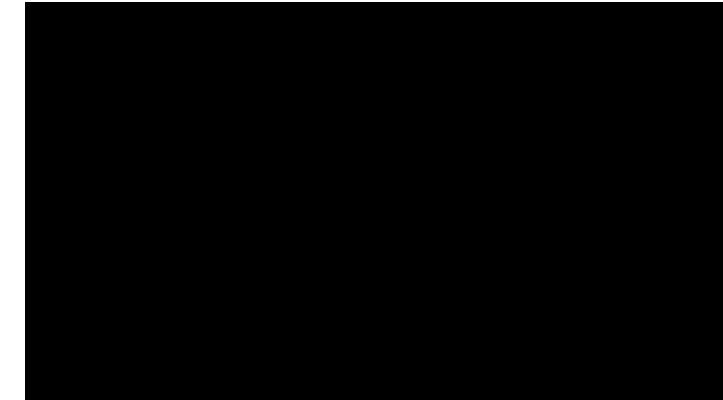
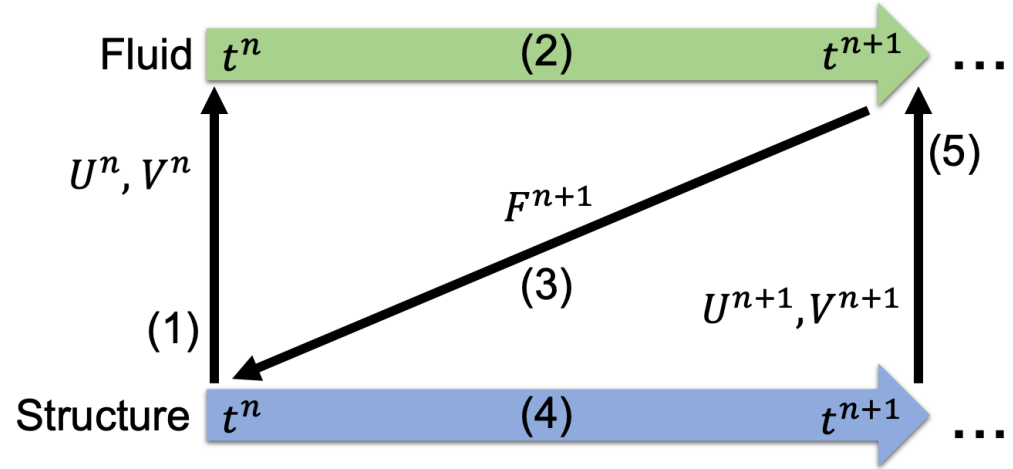
Fluid Structure Interaction (FSI)

Coupling CFD (SPH Flow) with FEA (MSC Nastran) for sloshing problems:

- Commercial SPH solver – explicit time-stepping; mesh-based boundary condition
- Commercial Finite Element (FE) solver – implicit time-stepping
- MUI used to transfer data and synchronise



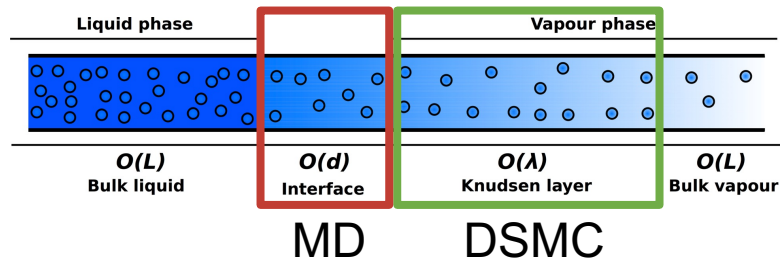
Conventional Staggered Coupling (CSS)



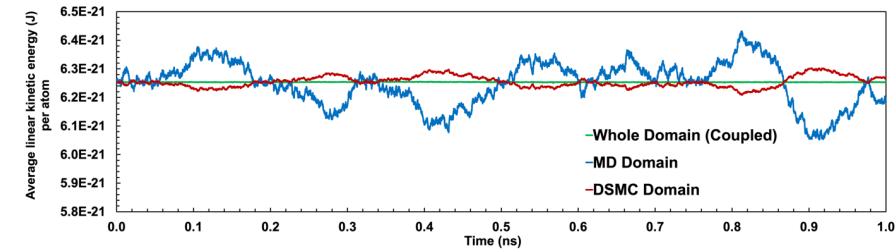
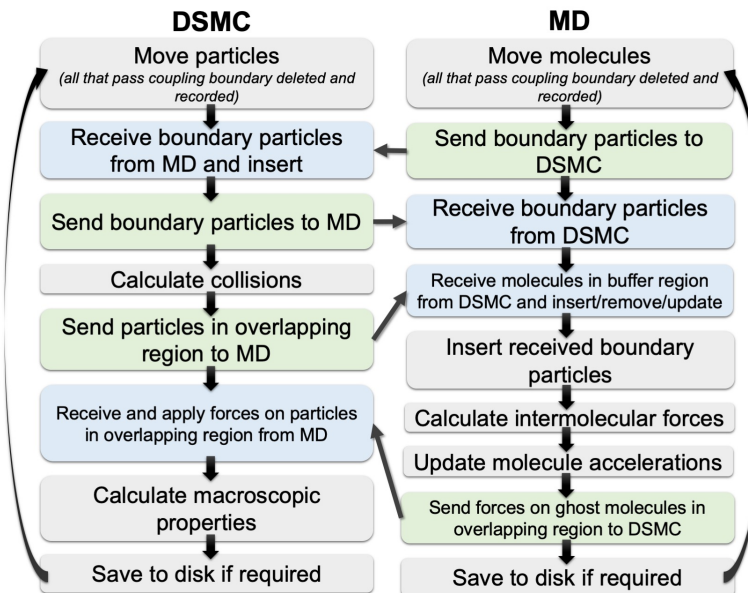
$H/\Delta x = 16$
2300000 particles
15000 time-steps

Molecular modelling of gas dynamics

Coupling OpenFOAM based Molecular Dynamics (MD) with Direct Simulation Monte Carlo (DSMC) to simulate the process of evaporation



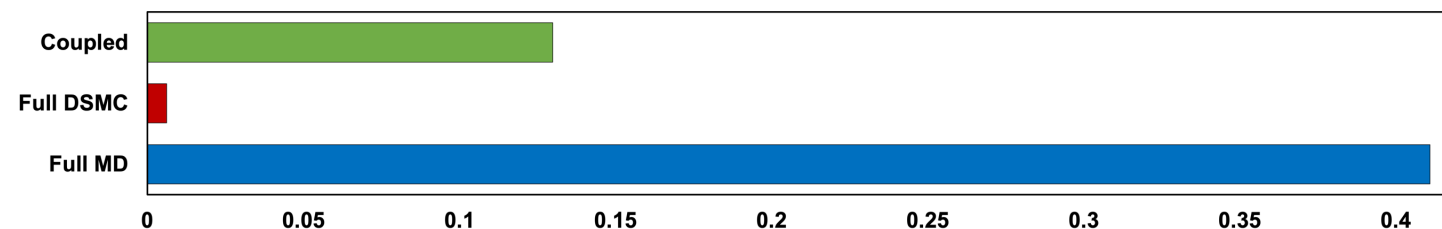
<https://github.com/MicroNanoFlows>



Coupled Linear Kinetic Energy (J)

S. M. Longshaw et al., *Coupling Molecular Dynamics and Direct Simulation Monte Carlo using a general and high-performance code coupling library*, Computers & Fluids, 213, 104726, 2020.

Computational time per step (s)



Conclusions



- The Multiscale Universal Interface is a general-purpose coupling library with a particle-based approach at its core.
- It can be used for both multiphysics and multiscale problems.
- It is suited for creating coupled approaches between methods with different discretisation methods and time-stepping methods.
- It is under active development within STFC and a core part of our coupling activities with communities like CCP-WSI.



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Questions?

